

Surrogate model-based seismic risk assessment of bridge transportation networks

Sungsik Yoon¹⁾ and *Young-Joo Lee²⁾

¹⁾ *Department of Civil and Environmental Engineering, University of Illinois at Urbana-Champaign, Illinois 61801, USA*

²⁾ *School of Urban and Environmental Engineering, Ulsan National Institute of Science and Technology (UNIST), Ulsan 44919, Korea*

²⁾ *ylee@unist.ac.kr*

ABSTRACT

Conventional seismic risk assessment based on Monte Carlo simulation (MCS) may require a significant amount of computation time when dealing with a complex network (Tak *et al.* 2019). In this study, a surrogate model constructed using an artificial neural network (ANN) technique is introduced to accelerate the seismic risk assessment of a bridge transportation network. For surrogate model construction, the damage states of bridges are utilized as input data, and total system travel time (TSTT), which is recognized as a robust performance measure for transportation networks, is introduced and utilized as output data. To demonstrate the proposed methodology, an actual bridge transportation network in South Korea is adopted, and the network map is constructed based on GIS information. The corresponding analysis results show that the proposed methodology not only estimates the network performance accurately, but also provides a computationally-efficient procedure for probabilistic seismic hazard analysis.

REFERENCES

Tak, H.-Y., Suh, W. and Lee, Y.-J. (2019), "System-level seismic risk assessment of bridge transportation networks employing probabilistic seismic hazard analysis", *Math. Probl. Eng.*, **2019**, 6503616.

ACKNOWLEDGEMENT

This research was supported by a grant (20SCIP-B146959-03) from Construction technology research program funded by Ministry of Land, Infrastructure and Transport of Korean government.

¹⁾ Postdoctoral Researcher

²⁾ Associate Professor